

## St. Xavier's College (Autonomous) Mumbai

# Syllabus For 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester Courses in LIFE SCIENCE

(June 2018 onwards)

#### Contents:

Syllabus (theory and practicals) for Courses:

SLSC0301 Comparative Physiology I

SLSC0302 Enzymes and Metabolic Pathways

SLSC0303 Microbes and Human Health

SLSC03PR Practicals

Template for theory and practical question paper Evaluation and Assessment Grid

#### Percent revision:

2015-16: No revision

2016-17: No revision

2017-18: No revision

2018-19: 40-50% revision to practicals

2019-20: No revision 2020-21: No revision

#### LIFE SCIENCE

S.Y.B.Sc. Course No.: SLSC0301

#### Title: Comparative Physiology I

#### **Learning Objectives:**

The course aims to:

- 1. Introduce a student to comparative animal physiology
- 2. Help the learner understand changes in the anatomical design of systems across phyla and the physiological principles that various life forms adopt for survival.
- 3. The processes under consideration are digestion, excretion, circulation and respiration.

#### **Number of lectures: 45**

#### **UNIT I: Nutrition and Digestion**

(15 lectures)

**(7)** 

- 1. Nutrition and digestion
  - a. Acquisition of Water, Minerals and Nitrogen from soil by Plants.
  - b. Animal nutrition: Macro and micro nutrients, Protein quality measures, (BV, NPU) nitrogen balance, proximate principles, vitamins
  - c. Feeding and Digestion:
    - i. Evolution of digestive systems
    - ii. Modes of feeding
  - iii. Digestion Intra, Extracellular and Symbiotic; digestion of Protein- trypsin, Carbohydrate- amylase and cellulase, Lipids lipase
  - iv. Coprophagy

#### 2. Digestion in humans

(8)

- a. Overview of the digestive system and accessory glands salivary, gastric, liver, pancreas
- b. Chemical digestion of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins
- c. Hormonal control of digestion
- d. Mechanical digestion
- e. Absorption of nutrients:
  - i. Structure of villus
  - ii. Absorption of glucose, amino acids, lipids formation of chylomicron
- 3. Assignment: Diseases

#### **UNIT II: Excretion and Transport**

(15 lectures)

**(4)** 

**(6)** 

- 1. Excretion and Osmoregulation
  - a. Water and Salt regulation under normal and stressed conditions in plants.
  - b. Forms of nitrogenous waste in animals
  - c. Types of excretory systems in animals: protonephridia, metanephridia,
  - d. malphigian tubules; kidneys evolution in vertebrates freshwater and marine
  - e. fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds, mammals.
  - f. Specialized excretory organs gills, rectal glands, salt glands, liver, intestine
  - g. Excretion in humans
    - i. An overview of the Urinary system [parts and functions]
    - ii. Nephron [structure, filtration membrane]

iii. Renal physiology: Glomerular filtration rate, Glomerular filtration pressure and its regulation, tubular re-absorption of  $Na^+$ , glucose,  $H_2O$ ; tubular secretion of  $K^+$ 

#### 2. Transport / Circulation:

**(5)** 

- a. Transport of: water in xylem cohesion tension theory; solutes in phloem Munch hypothesis
- b. Uptake of water by roots apoplast, symplast, transmembrane pathway; Root Pressure theory
- c. Circulatory system in animals:
  - i. Functions and general principles of circulation
  - ii. Open and Closed circulatory systems, single and double circulation, neurogenic and myogenic hearts
- d. Comparison of circulatory routes: Systemic, Pulmonary, Portal
- 3. Assignment: Diseases

#### **UNIT III: Respiration and Cardiovascular Systems**

(15 lectures) (5)

- 1. Respiration:
  - a. Physical principles of gas exchange
  - b. Respiration in: protozoans, insect, fish, amphibian, bird, mammals; Pneumatophores
  - c. Respiratory pigments Hemocyanin, Hemerythrin, Chlorocruorin, Hemoglobin
  - d. Respiratory System in Humans

**(5)** 

- i. Overview of the respiratory system
- ii. Physiology of Respiration:
  - Pulmonary ventilation
  - Gaseous exchange external and internal respiration
  - Spirogram of lung volumes and capacities
  - Transport of gases
  - Chloride shift

#### 2. Cardiovascular Systems

(5)

- a. Functions and components of Blood, Anatomy of the heart, Blood flow and Conduction system
- b. Cardiac muscle contraction, ECG, Cardiac cycle & cardiac output
- c. Dynamics of capillary exchange: Starling's law
- 3. Assignment: Diseases

#### **References:**

- 1. *The Science of Biology* (2006) 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Sadava, D., Heller, H.C., Onaris, G.H., Purves, W.L. and Hillis, D.M., W.H. Freeman and Co.
- 2. *Animal Physiology- Adaptation and Environment* (1995) 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Knut Schmidt-Nielson, Cambridge University Press
- 3. *Biology* (2008) 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Campbell, N.A., Reece, J.B., Urry, L.A., Cain, M.L., Wasserman, S.A., Minorsky, P.V. and Jackson, R.B. Pearson Benajmin Cummings
- 4. Plant Physiology (2006) 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Taiz, L., Zeiger, E. Sinauer Associated, Inc.
- 5. *Principles of Anatomy and Physiology* (2008) 12<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tortora, G.J. and Derrickson, B.H. Wiley
- 6. *Anatomy and Physiology* (2002) 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Seeley, R.R., Stephens, T.D. and Tate, P. Tata McGraw-Hill

#### LIFE SCIENCE

S.Y.B.Sc. Course No.: SLSC0302

#### **Title: Enzymes and Metabolic Pathways**

#### **Learning Objectives:**

On completion of the course, the student must be able to describe / discuss:

- 1. advantages of using an aqueous system in biocatalysis
- 2. role of enzymes as biocatalysts, with introductory knowledge on enzyme kinetics.
- 3. thermodynamics of biological reactions
- 4. basic cellular energy metabolism utilizing glucose and fatty acids
- 5. elementary amino acid metabolism viz. transamination, deamination & urea cycle
- 6. composition & role of oxidative phosphorylation and photophosphorylation systems in cellular ATP synthesis.

#### **Number of lectures: 45**

UNIT I

1. Water, pH and buffers (with problems)

2. Enzymes

(15 lectures)

(4)

(7)

- a. Types of enzymes: proteins and RNA
- b. Classes of enzymes
- c. Concept of: active site, activation energy, binding energy, allostery, enzyme activity and specific activity
- d. Kinetics: Orders of reaction (upto second order)
  - i. Derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation
  - ii. Michaelis-Menten plot
- iii. Lineweaver Burke plot
- iv. Inhibition: competitive and non competitive
- e. Factors affecting enzyme activity: pH, temperature, and substrate concentration
- 3. Enzyme Purification Techniques (4)
  - a. Basic principles of extraction: salt precipitation, dialysis, and gel filtration.

UNIT II (15 lectures)

- 1. Basic thermodynamics: concept of free energy (1)
- 2. Carbohydrate metabolism: (8)
  - a. Glycolysis: process and regulation
  - b. Krebs cycle: process, regulation and importance as an amphibolic pathway, glyoxylate pathway
  - c. Gluconeogenesis
  - d. Pentose phosphate pathway
- 3. Lipids (4)
  - a. Concept of Lipolysis and lipogenesis
  - b. Catabolism of Fatty acids (palmitate)
- 4. Purine and pyrimidine Metabolism: Salvage Pathway
  (Exercise on connecting biomolecules into metabolic pathways)

UNIT III (15 lectures)

1. Amino acid metabolism

**(4)** 

- a. Transamination: GPT, GOT
- b. Deamination of glutamine and glutamate
- c. Urea cycle
- d. Decarboxylation eg. histidine
- 2. Bioenergetics

**(5)** 

- a. Mitochondrial Electron transport: sequence of electron carriers and their localization and role of cyanide as inhibitor of ETC
- b. Oxidative phosphorylation: Mitchell's chemiosmotic hypothesis, structure of ATP synthase complex, role of DNP as inhibitor
- 3. Photosynthesis

**(5)** 

- a. Photophosphorylation
- b. Calvin cycle
- c. Concept of Photorespiration
- 4. Integration of Carbohydrate, Lipids and Amino acid Metabolism
  (An exercise in connecting biomolecules into metabolic pathways)

#### References

- 1. *Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry* (2008), 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Nelson, D.L., and Cox, M.M., W.H. Freeman and Co.
- 2. *Biochemistry* (2006) 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. and Stryer, L. W.H. Freeman and Co.
- 3. Fundamentals of Biochemistry (2001) 9<sup>th</sup> Revised Edition, Deb, A.C. New Central Book Agency (p) Ltd.

#### LIFE SCIENCE

S.Y.B.Sc. Course No.: SLSC0303

#### **Title: Microbes and Human Health**

Learning Objectives:

This course will:

- 1. Explain the role of microorganisms and their interactions within their natural ecosystem.
- 2. Enable students to appreciate the biological interactions between microbes and humans.
- 3. Introduce the concepts of microbial parasites, epidemiology and public health.

#### **UNIT I: Microbial Ecology**

(15 lectures)

- 1. Ecological Concepts: Microbiome, ecosystem, community, guild, niche, biofilm, consortium (2)
- 2. Microorganisms in their natural habitat: Soil, Water (marine & fresh) and air microenvironments and their microbial composition (3)
- 3. Role of microorganisms in biogeochemical cycling: Carbon, Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Sulfur and Iron (5)
- 4. Microbial Interactions:
  - a. Symbiotic associations: Commensalism, Mutualism, Parasitism
  - b. Non-symbiotic associations: Synergism, Antagonism
- 5. Quorum sensing in microbial populations

**(1)** 

**(4)** 

**(4)** 

#### **UNIT II: Host – Microbe Interactions**

(15 lectures)

- 1. Human body as a microbial host
  - a. Normal Microbiota: distribution and significance
  - b. Physical Barriers to microbe entry: Skin, mucous membranes, GIT, UT, eye
  - c. Chemical Mediators in host resistance: Cationic peptides, bacteriocins, Complement, INFs, Endogenous pyrogens, Antibodies
  - d. Host risk factors: Age, Nutritional Status, Stress
- 2. Microbe as a pathogen to humans

**(2)** 

- a. Pathogenicity and virulence: virulence factors, endotoxins, enterotoxins, exotoxins, cytopathic effects
- b. Portals of entry, adherence and penetration or evasion of host defenses
- 3. Microbial diseases in humans

**(7**)

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- a. Bacterial: Typhoid
- b. Viral: Influenza
- c. Protozoal: Malaria
- d. Fungal: Candidiasis
- 4. Immunodiagnostics: Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA), Radioimmunoassay (RIA) (2)

#### **UNIT III: Epidemiology and Public Health**

(15 lectures)

A. Principles of Epidemiology

- 1. Classification of diseases
  - a. Occurrence: endemic, epidemic, pandemic and sporadic
  - b. Communicable and non-communicable diseases

- 2. Measurement of disease: morbidity, mortality, life expectancy, DALY (disability-adjusted life years)
- 3. Disease reservoirs: biotic and abiotic
- 4. Transmission of disease: direct and indirect modes; Emerging diseases: Enterohaemorrhagic *E.coli* (EHEC) infections, Melioidosis
- 5. Re-emerging diseases: MDR-TB / MRSA / Malaria

#### B. Concepts in Public Health

- 1. Health definition and changing perceptions [mortality to Human Development Index (HDI)] (1)
- 2. Factors influencing health outcomes

**(2)** 

- a. Distal factors: Income, Education, Technology
- b. Proximal Factors: Nutrition, Physical activity, Occupational risks, Environmental risks, sexual and reproductive health, substance & alcohol abuse
- 3. Combating challenges in public health (to be done using case studies) (4)
  - a. Infectious disease Tuberculosis / Polio
  - b. Environmental risk Allergic asthma (pollution) / Cholera (sanitation)
  - c. Substance abuse Tobacco
  - d. Nutrition Obesity
  - e. Lifestyle Diabetes Mellitus / Cardiovascular disease
- 4. Public Health Programs in India

**(3)** 

- a. National Cancer Control Program
- b. National Program for Control of Blindness
- c. National Mental Health Program

#### **References:**

- 1. Prescott, Harley, Klein's Microbiology (2008), 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Willey J.M., Sherwood L.M., Woolverton C.J.; Tata McGrawHill Education (Asia)
- 2. Principles of Microbiology (2007), 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Ronald Atlas
- 3. Microbiology A Systems Approach (2006), Cowan M.K., Talaro K.P.; McGrawHill
- 4. *Microbiology* (1986), 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pelczar C.J., Chan E.C.S., Kreig N.R.; McGraw Hill Book Company
- 5. *Microbiology An Introduction* (2007), 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tortora G.J., Funke B.R., Case C.L.; Pearson Education Inc.
- 6. Brock's Biology of Microorganisms (2009), 12<sup>th</sup> Edition, Madigan, Martinko, Dunlap, Clark; Pearson Education Inc.
- 7. Sherris Medical Microbiology An Introduction to Infectious Diseases (1994), 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Ryan K.J., Ray C.G.; McGrawHill Medical Publishing Division
- 8. *Medical Microbiology* (2009), 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Murray P.R., Rosenthal K.S., Pfaller M.A.; Mosby Inc. (Elsevier)
- 9. *Medical Microbiology* (2008), 16<sup>th</sup> Edition, Greenwood D., Slack J., Peutherer; Churchill Livingstone Publishing Co.
- 10. Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine (2007), 19<sup>th</sup> Edition, Park K.; Bharot Publishers Co.
- 11. The Microbial Challenge (2010), 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Krausner R.I.; Jones & Bartlett Publishers, Inc.
- 12. India Health Report (2003), Misra R., Chatterjee R., Rao S.; Oxford University Press (New Delhi)
- 13. Improving Global Health: Forecasting the next 50 years (2011), Huges B.B. et al.; Oxford University Press (New Delhi)
- 14. *Public Health and Sanitation* (1999), Kopardekar H.D., Khanolkar K.R.; All India for Local Self Government

#### **Practical: SLSC03PR**

#### Comparative Physiology I

- 1. Dissection and display of the digestive system of cockroach
- 2. Dissection and display of the nervous system of cockroach
- 3. Temporary mount of cornea, spiracles and muscle fibre of cockroach
- 4. Study of polytene chromosomes of Chironomous larva
- 5. Study of mineral crystals in plants
- 6. Comparison of stomatal index of different plants
- 7. Study of the effect of minerals/ heavy metals (using ocular)
  - a. Pollen tube germination
  - b. Pollen tube length

#### Enzymes and Metabolic Pathways

- 1. Isolation of casein from milk
- 2. Estimation of Vitamin C by Iodometry
- 3. Estimation of ribose by Orcinol method
- 4. Cell fractionation
- 5. Separation of amino acids by ascending paper chromatography
- 6. pH and buffers:
  - a. Preparation of phosphate buffer
  - b. Determination of pK<sub>a</sub>
- 1. Determination of K<sub>M</sub> value of amylase
- 2. Project:
  - a. Lipid extraction
  - b. Separation and visualization by thin layer chromatography

#### Microbes and Human Health

- 1. Gram staining of E. coli, Bacillus and other bacterial cultures
- 2. Maintenance of cultures using NA slants
- 3. Capsule staining of *Klebsiella* or *Bacillus* bacterial cultures
- 4. Identification of organisms by biochemical tests IMVIC
- 5. Study of differential media, e.g., McConkey's agar
- 6. Determination of viable count of the given culture using the spread plate technique
- 7. Determination of microbial sensitivity to antibiotics disc method
- 8. Innate immunity: saliva, lysozyme from tears, psoriasin from skin

## Template of Theory Question paper SLSC0301, 0302 & 0303

#### $\underline{CIA\ I}$ – 20 marks, 45 mins.

Unit I: Objectives/numerical problems, not more than 5 marks each

#### CIA II - 20 marks

Unit II: Test (45 mins.) /Survey /Assignment /Presentation /Poster /Essay /Review

#### End Semester exam – 60 marks, 2 hours

Question 1: Unit I: maximum marks per sub-question - 6 marks

20 marks to be answered out of 28-30 marks

**Question 2**: Unit II: maximum marks per sub-question - 6 marks

20 marks to be answered out of 28-30 marks

**Question 3:** Unit III: maximum marks per sub-question - 6 marks

20 marks to be answered out of 28-30 marks

### Mark-distribution pattern for Practical Courses: SLSC03PR

**End Semester Practical Examination**Total marks: 150

Experiments

75 - 105 marks

Identification 30 - 60 marks

Journal 15 marks

#### DEPARTMENT OF LIFE SCIENCES AND BIOCHEMISTRY

S.Y.B.Sc. Life Science Exam Grid Semester 3						
Course	Exam	Knowledge and Information	Understanding	Application	Analysis	Total
	CIA I	10	7	-	3	20
0301	CIA II	10	7	-	3	20
	End semester	20	20	10	10	60
Course	Exam	Knowledge and Information	Understanding	Application/Analysis		Total
0302	CIA I	10	7	3		20
	CIA II	10	7	3		20
	End semester	30	20	10		60
Course	Exam	<b>Knowledge and Information</b>	Understanding	Application	Analysis	Total
0303	CIA I	7	7	-	6	20
	CIA II	7	7	-	6	20
	End semester	30	10	10	10	60